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Class	Register No	Name
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**Bukit Merah Secondary School
Mid-Year Examination 2015
Secondary 2 Express**

E

MATHEMATICS

Paper 1

11 May 2015

1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your class, register number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

Calculators should be used when appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is **50**.

Calculator Model:

For Examiner's Use

This document consists of **12** printed pages.

28

[TURN OVER

Answer **all** the questions

For
Examiner's
use

1

Written as a product of its prime factors, $15750 = 2 \times 3^2 \times 5^3 \times 7$.

- (a) Express 1800 as the product of its prime factors.
- (b) Hence write down
 - (i) the Lowest Common Multiple of both 1800 and 15750,
 - (ii) the Highest Common Factor of both 1800 and 15750.

For
Examiner
use

Answer (a) [1]

(b) (i) [1]

(ii) [1]

[TURN OVER

For
Examiner's
use

2

3
Use a calculator to evaluate the following correct to the number of decimal places or significant figures required

(a) $\frac{14.32^2 - \sqrt{25.781}}{\sqrt[3]{981}}$

[2 decimal places]

(b) $\left(-\frac{2}{7}\right)^3 + \sqrt{7-1\frac{4}{9}} + \left(9.4 \times \frac{11}{13}\right)$

[3 significant figures]

Answer (a) [1]

(b) [1]

3

Alvin's present age is 5 years less than $\frac{1}{2}$ times the present age of Bobby.

If Bobby is x years old now, express, in terms of x , Alvin's present age.

Answer years old [1]

For
Examiner
use

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For
Examiner's
use

4

4

Suppose that 4 cm on a map represents an actual distance of 6 km.

- (a) Express the scale in the form $1 : r$.
- (b) If the distance between two towns on the map is 9.2 cm, find their actual distance apart in km.
- (c) The actual area of a town is 15.3 km^2 . Find its area on the map.

For
Examiner
use

Answer (a) [1]
(b) [1]
(c) [2]

[TURN OVER

For
Examiner's
use

5

It is given that y is directly proportional to $(2x - 1)$. When $x = 10$, $y = 15.2$.

- (i) Find the equation connecting x and y .
- (ii) Find the value of y when $x = 26$.

For
Examiner
s use

(i) [2]
(ii) [1]

30 [TURN OVER

For
Examiner's
use

For
Examiner
s use

6 (a) Expand and simplify the following expressions.

(i) $-5(2x^2 - 1) + 2x(-3 - x)$

(ii) $(4y - 7)^2 + 6y$

(b) Factorise the following expressions completely.

(i) $5q^2 - 23q + 12$

(ii) $a^3 - 25ab^2$

Answer (a) (i) [2]

(ii) [2]

(b) (i) [2]

(ii) [2]

[TURN OVER

For
Examiner's
use

- 7 (a) Simplify each of the following.

(i) $\frac{4c^2 - d^2}{(d - 2c)}$

(ii) $\frac{2a}{3bc} \div \frac{4ba^2}{abc^2}$

- (b) Express $\frac{5}{6pq} + \frac{3}{4p^2}$ as a single fraction in its simplest form.

For
Examiner
s use

Answer (a) (i) [2]
(ii) [2]
(b) [2]

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For
Examiner's
use

8

Solve each of the following equations.

For
Examiner
use

(a) $(x + 3)(3x - 8) = 0$

(b) $5x^2 - 8x = 0$

(c) $4x^2 - 19x + 12 = 0$

Answer (a) [1]
(b) [2]
(c) [2]

[TURN OVER

For
Examiner's
use

9

Given the equation of the line $3x + 4y = 10$,

- (a) (i) find the gradient of the line.
- (ii) find the y -intercept of the line.
- (b) Is $(8, -3.5)$ a solution of the equation $3x + 4y = 10$?
Show your working clearly.

For
Examiner
use

[1]

Answer (a) (i) [1]

(ii) [1]

[TURN OVER]

32

For
Examiner's
use

10

Solve the simultaneous linear equations,

$$8x - 3y = 10$$

$$3x - 4y = 21$$

For
Examiner
use

Answer $x = \dots\dots\dots$, $y = \dots\dots\dots$ [3]

11

The scale drawing of a car is 4 cm to 0.8 m.
The length of the car on the drawing is 21 cm.

- (a) Find the actual length of the car.
- (b) If the scale of the drawing is changed to $\frac{1}{30}$, find the length of the car on the new drawing.

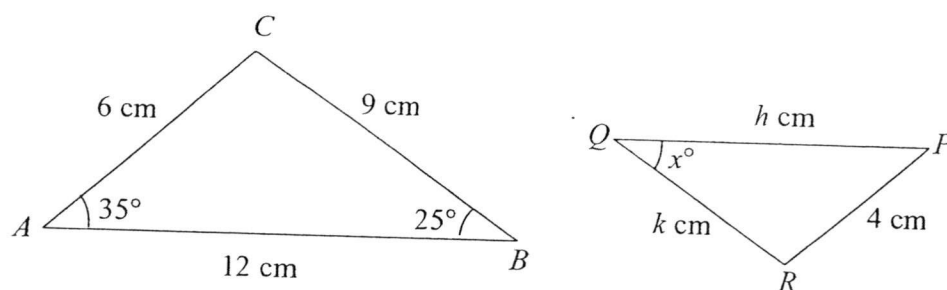
Answer (a) $\dots\dots\dots$ [2]

(b) $\dots\dots\dots$ [2]

[TURN OVER

For
Examiner's
use

- 11
12 In the figure below, $\triangle ABC$ is similar to $\triangle PQR$.



For
Examiner
use

- (a) Given that $\triangle PQR$ is a reduction of $\triangle ABC$, find the scale factor of the reduction.
(b) Find the unknowns x , h and k .

Answer (a) [1]
(b) $x =$
 $h =$
 $k =$ [3]

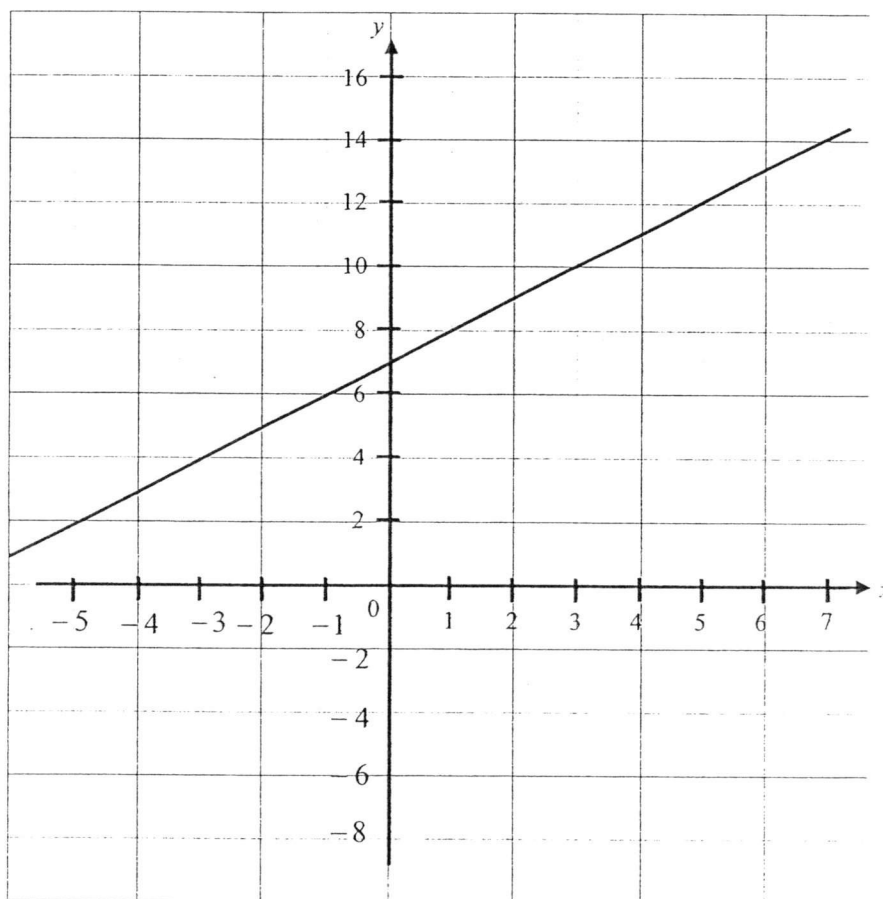
33 [TURN OVER

For
Examiner's
use

13

The graph of the straight line $y = x + 7$ is shown in the grid below.

For
Examiner
s use



- (a) Complete the table of values for the equation $y = -2x + 10$. [1]

x	-2		4
y	14	6	2

- (b) Draw and label the graph of the straight line $y = -2x + 10$ on the same grid above. [2]
- (c) Hence, write down the point of intersection of these two straight line graphs.

Answer (c) (.....,) [1]

End-of-Paper 1

Bukit Merah Secondary School
Mid Year Examination 2015
Secondary 2 Express
(Mathematics Paper 1) – Marking Scheme

1	a	$2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5^2$	B1	
	b(i)	$\text{LCM} = 2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5^3 \times 7$ $= 63\,000$	B1	
	b(ii)	$\text{HCF} = 2 \times 3^2 \times 5^2$ $= 450$	B1	
2	a	20.13 (2 d.p)	B1	
	b	10.3 (3 s.f)	B1	
3		$\left(\frac{1}{2}x - 5\right)$	B1	
4	a	1 : 150000	B1	
	b	13.8 km	B1	
	c	$1\text{cm}^2 : 2.25\text{km}^2$ $15.3 \div 2.25 = 6.8\text{cm}^2$	M1 A1	
5	(i)	$15.2 = k(19)$ $k = 0.8$ $y = 0.8(2x - 1)$	M1 A1	
	(ii)	40.8	B1	
6	a(i)	$-10x^2 + 5 - 6x - 2x^2$ $= -12x^2 - 6x + 5$	M1 A1	
	a(ii)	$(4y)^2 - 2(4y)(7) + (7)^2 + 6y$ $= 16y^2 - 56y + 49 + 6y$ $= 16y^2 - 50y + 49$	M1 A1	
	b(i)	Factorisation working $(5q - 3)(q - 4)$	M1 A1	
	b(ii)	$a(a^2 - 25b^2)$ $= a(a + 5b)(a - 5b)$	M1 A1	
7	a(i)	$\frac{(2c + d)(2c - d)}{d - 2c}$ $= \frac{(2c + d)(-(d - 2c))}{(d - 2c)}$ $= -(2c + d)$	M1 for factorisation A1	

34

	a(ii)	$\frac{2a}{3bc} \times \frac{abc}{4ba^2}$ $= \frac{c}{6b}$	B1 for 'c' B1 for '6b'	
	b	$\frac{5(2p)}{12p^2q} + \frac{3(3q)}{12p^2q}$ $= \frac{10p+9q}{12p^2q}$	M1 A1	
8	a	$x = -3 \text{ or } x = 2\frac{2}{3}$	B1 for both	
	b	$x(5x-8)=0$ $x=0 \text{ or } x=1.6$	M1 A1 for both	
	c	$(4x-3)(x-4)=0$ $x=\frac{3}{4} \text{ or } x=4$	M1 A1 for both	
9	a(i)	-0.75	B1	
	a(ii)	2.5	B1	
	b	$y = -\frac{3}{4}(8) + \frac{10}{4}$ $= -3.5$	B1 must show substitution step	
10		$23x = -23$ $x = -1$ $8(-1) - 3y = 10$ $-3y = 18$ $y = -6$	M1 for correct elimination or substitution A1 A1	
11	a	21×0.2 $= 4.2m$	M1 A1	
	b	$4.2m \div 0.3$ $= 14cm$	M1 A1	
12	a	$\frac{2}{3}$	B1	
	b	$k = 6cm$ $h = 8$ $x = 25$	B1 B1 B1	

13	a	$x = 2$		
	b	Draw a straight line with pencil, Line passes through all the points Label the line	B1	
	c	(1, 8)	B1	
			B1	

Class	Register No	Name
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**Bukit Merah Secondary School
Mid-Year Examination 2015
Secondary 2 Express**

E

MATHEMATICS

Paper 2

14 May 2015

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

1 hour 30 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your class, register number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

Calculators should be used when appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.

Calculator Model:

For Examiner's Use

This document consists of 5 printed pages.

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[TURN OVER

Answer **all** the questions

- 1 (a) A region of area 3 cm^2 on the map is represented by its actual area of 48 km^2 .
Find the scale of the map in the form $\frac{1}{r}$. [3]

- (b) The following table shows some corresponding values of two quantities, c and d .

c	2	4	8
d	20	5	1.25

- (i) Is d inversely proportional to c^2 ? Show all working clearly. [1]
 (ii) Hence, find the equation connecting d and c . [1]
 (iii) Find the value of d when $c = -\frac{1}{2}$. [1]
 (iv) Find the change in the value of d when the value of c is multiplied by 4. [2]

- 2 A list of numbers is shown below.

$$\sqrt{12.25}, \quad -1\frac{5}{12}, \quad \sqrt[3]{125}, \quad 3.\dot{5}, \quad -1.42, \quad \sqrt{5}$$

- (a) From the list, write down the
 (i) prime number (s), [1]
 (ii) irrational numbers (s). [1]
 (b) Write down the numbers in ascending order. [2]

- 3 (a) Expand and simplify $(x - 6y)(2x + y)$. [2]
 (b) Factorise the following expressions completely.
 (i) $24p^2 - 8pq$ [1]
 (ii) $2x^3 - 72x$ [2]
 (iii) $20ac - 12bc - 15bd + 25ad$ [2]
 (c) Given that $x^2 + y^2 = 19$ and $xy = -6$, find the value of $(x - y)^2$. [2]

[TURN OVER]

4 (a) Simplify $\frac{x^2 + 3x - 10}{2x^2 - 4x} \times \frac{3x}{(x+5)^2}$ [3]

(b) Express $\frac{3}{2x-5} - \frac{4}{x-4}$ as a single fraction in its simplest form. [2]

(c) A formula is given as $p = \frac{-2x + 5r}{7 - 3x}$.

(i) Find the value of p when $x = 4$ and $r = -10$, [1]

(ii) Make x the subject of the formula. [3]

5 (a) Solve the equation, $(5x + 2)(x - 1) = 14x + 10$ [3]

(b) There are two consecutive positive even integers.
Twice the square of the smaller number is greater than the square of the larger number by 188.

(i) By letting the smaller integer be x , form an equation in x and show that it reduces to $x^2 - 4x - 192 = 0$ [2]

(ii) Hence, solve for x and find the larger number. [2]

6 Jane has 102 coins, in 20-cent and 50-cent coin denominations.
Let the number of 20-cent coins and 50-cent coins be x and y respectively.

(a) Form an equation connecting x and y . [1]

The total value of the coins is \$34.20.

(b) Form another equation connecting x and y . [1]

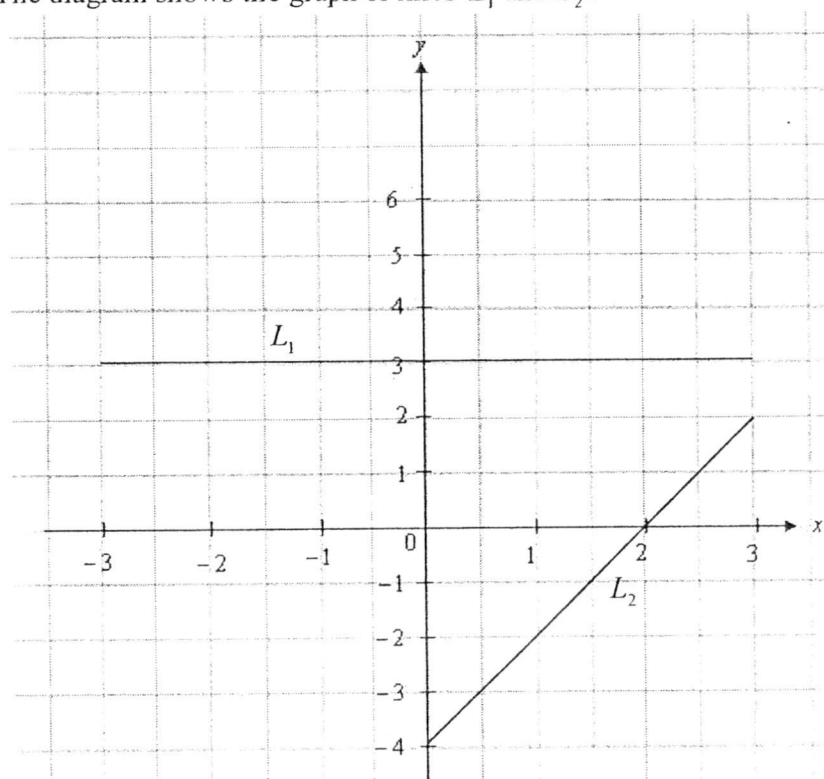
(c) Hence, find the number of 20-cent and 50-cent coins. [3]

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[TURN OVER

7

The diagram shows the graph of lines L_1 and L_2 .



Find the gradient of line

(a) L_1 ,

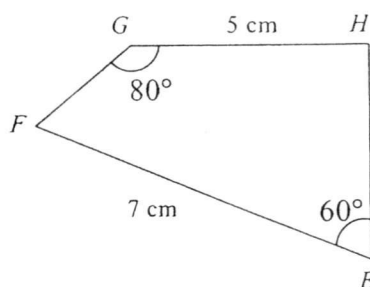
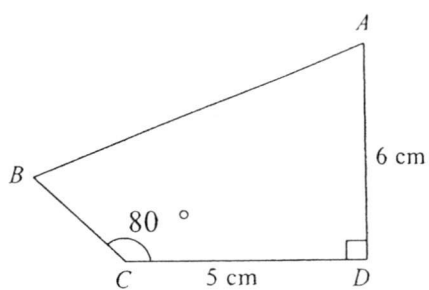
[1]

(b) L_2 .

[2]

8

In the diagram, $ABCD \equiv EFGH$.
The perimeter of $ABCD$ is 21 cm.



(i) Find the length of AB .

[1]

(ii) Find the length of FG .

[1]

(iii) Find $\angle GHE$.

[1]

[TURN OVER]

9

5

If Amy buys 9 mangoes, she will have \$4 left in her pocket.
 If she buys 6 mangoes, she will have \$9.40 left in her pocket.
 Find the amount of money in her pocket.

[2]

10

Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

The variables x and y are connected by the equation $y = -x^2 + x + 6$.

The table of values is as shown below.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	0	p	6	6	4	q

- (a) Find the values of p and q . [2]
- (b) Using 2 cm to represent 1 unit along the horizontal x -axis and vertical y -axis, draw the graph of $y = -x^2 + x + 6$ for $-2 \leq x \leq 3$. [4]
- (c) From your graph,
- (i) find the value of y when $x = 2.5$, [1]
 - (ii) find the values of x when $y = 1$. [1]
 - (iii) write the coordinates of the maximum point. [1]
 - (iv) write down the equation of the line of symmetry. [1]

Bukit Merah Secondary School
Mid-Year Examination 2015
Secondary 2 Express
(Mathematics Paper 2) – Marking Scheme

1	a	1cm : 4km 1cm : 400000cm Scale is $\frac{1}{400000}$	M1 M1 A1	
	b(i)	Show there is a constant 80 for dc^2 in all cases.	B1	
	b(ii)	$dc^2 = 80$	B1	
	b(iii)	320	B1	
	b(iv)	use $c = 2$ new $c = 8$ $new\ d = \frac{80}{8^2}$ $= 1.25$ change is $= \frac{1.25}{20}$ $= \frac{1}{16}$ times	M1 when found new d A1	
2	a(i)	$\sqrt[3]{125}$	B1	
	a(ii)	$\sqrt{5}$	B1	
	b	$-1.42, -1\frac{5}{12}, \sqrt{5}, \sqrt{12.25}, 3.\dot{5}, \sqrt[3]{125}$	B1 for any 3 in order B1 for the remaining 3 in order	
3	a	$(x - 6y)(2x + y)$ $= x(2x + y) - 6y(2x + y)$ $= 2x^2 + xy - 12xy - 6y^2$ $= 2x^2 - 11xy - 6y^2$	M1 A1	
	b(i)	$8p(3p - q)$	B1	
	b(ii)	$2x(x^2 - 36)$ $= 2x(x + 6)(x - 6)$	M1 A1	
	b(iii)	$4c(5a - 3b) - 5d(3b - 5a)$ $= 4c(5a - 3b) + 5d(-3b + 5a)$ $= (5a - 3b)(4c + 5d)$	M1 A1	

	c	$(x - y)^2 = x^2 - 2xy + y^2$ $= x^2 + y^2 - 2xy$ $= 19 - 2(-6)$ $= 31$	M1 A1	
4	a	$\frac{(x+5)(x-2)}{2x(x-2)} \times \frac{3x}{(x+5)^2}$ $= \frac{3}{2(x+5)}$	M1 for $(x+5)(x-2)$, M1 for $2x(x-2)$ A1	
	b	$\frac{3(x-4)}{(2x-5)(x-4)} - \frac{4(2x-5)}{(2x-5)(x-4)}$ $= \frac{3x-12-8x+20}{(2x-5)(x-4)}$ $= \frac{8-5x}{(2x-5)(x-4)}$	M1 A1	
	c(i)	11.6	B1	
	c(ii)	$p(7-3x) = -2x+5r$ $7p-3px = -2x+5r$ $2x-3px = 5r-7p$ $x = \frac{5r-7p}{2-3p}$	M1 after expansion M1 with all terms with x on one side A1	
5	a	$(5x+2)(x-1) = 14x+10$ $5x^2 - 5x + 2x - 2 = 14x + 10$ $5x^2 - 3x - 2 - 14x - 10 = 0$ $5x^2 - 17x - 12 = 0$ $(5x+3)(x-4) = 0$ $x = -0.6 \text{ or } 4$	M1 M1 A1	
	b(i)	$2(x)^2 = (x+2)^2 + 188$ $2x^2 = x^2 + 2(x)(2) + 2^2 + 188$ $x^2 - 4x - 192 = 0$	M1 A1	
	b(ii)	$(x-16)(x+12) = 0$ $x = 16 \text{ or } -12$ larger number is $16 + 2 = 18$	M1 A1	
6	a	$x + y = 102$	B1	
	b	$20x + 50y = 3420$	B1	
	c	Correct substitution or elimination 56 20-cent coins 46 50-cent coins	M1 A1 A1	
7	a	Gradient = 0	B1	

	b	$\frac{6\text{units}}{3\text{units}}$ $= 2$	M1	
8	(i)	7cm	A1	
	(ii)	3cm	B1	
	(iii)	90°	B1	
9		One mango cost 1.8 He has \$20.20	B1	
10	a	$p = 4, q = 0$	M1 A1	
	b	Plotting Scaling Smoothness of curve and curve pass through every point accurately	B1 B1 P1 S1 C1	
	c(i)	$2.25 (\pm 0.15)$	B1	
	(ii)	-1.8 2.8 (± 0.15)	B1 B1	
	(iii)	(0.5,6.25) the y-coordinate ± 0.15	B1	
	(iv)	$x = 0.5$	B1	